

PSHE and RSE: Learning Objectives Document

South View Community Primary School

To begin to recognise T	Families and Friendships		Polationships / Autumn Torm										
To begin to recognise T			EYFS Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5 Year 6 Relationships (Autumn Term)										
To begin to recognise T		Families and Friendships	Families and Friendships	Families and Friendships	Families and Friendships	Families and Friendships							
Latination to build	To understand the role	To recognise how to be a	To recognise and respect	To know about the features	To recognise what makes a	To know what it means to							
strategies to build a	about people who care for	good friend, e.g. kindness,	that there are different	of positive healthy	healthy friendship and how	be attracted to someone and							
constructive and respectful t	hem, e.g. parents, siblings,	listening, honesty.	types of families, including	friendships such as mutual	they make people feel	different kinds of loving							
	grandparents, relatives'	To know about the different	single parents, same-sex	respect, trust and sharing	included.	relationships.							
	riends, doctors and	ways that people meet and	parents, step-parents,	interests.	To recognise strategies to	To understand that people							
To recognise special people to	eachers.	make friends.	blended families, foster and	To understand strategies to	help someone feel included.	who love each other can be							
in their life.		To develop strategies for	adoptive parents.	build positive friendships.	•	of any gender, ethnicity or							
To talk about members of T	To know what it means to	positive play with friends,	To understand that being	To know how to seek	To understand about peer	faith.							
their immediate family and b	oe a family and how	e.g. joining in, including	part of a family provides	support with relationships if	influence and how it can								
	amilies are different, e.g.	others, etc.	support, stability and love.	they feel lonely or excluded.	make people feel or behave.	To know the difference							
	single parents, same-sex		To know about the positive		To understand the impact of	between gender identity							
	parents etc.	To understand about what	aspects of being part of a	To know how to	the need for peer approval	and sexual orientation and							
their roles in society e.g.		causes arguments between	family, such as spending	communicate respectfully	in different situations,	everyone's right to be loved.							
	To understand about the	friends	time together and caring for	with friends when using	including online.								
	mportance of telling	To know how to positively	each other.	digital devices.	To recognise strategies to	To know about the qualities							
	someone — and how to tell	resolve arguments between		To recognise how knowing	manage peer influence and	of healthy relationships							
	hem — if they are worried	friends.	To understand about the	someone online differs from	the need for peer approval	that help individuals							
	about something in their	To know how to recognise,	different ways that people	knowing someone face to	e.g. exit strategies, assertive	flourish.							
friend to others.	family.	and ask for help, when they	can care for each other e.g.	face and that there are risks	communication.	The recognise the ways in							
		are feeling lonely or	giving encouragement or	in communicating with		which couples show their							
	Safe Relationships	unhappy or to help someone	support in times of	someone they don't know.	To know that it is common	love and commitment to							
	To explore about situations	else.	difficulty.	To know what to do or	for friendships to experience	one another, including							
3	when someone's body or		To identify if/when	whom to tell if they are	challenges.	those who are not married							
	eelings might be hurt and	Safe Relationships	something in a family	worried about any contact	To recognise strategies to	or who live apart.							
	whom to go to for help.	To understand how to	might make someone upset	online.	positively resolve disputes	T. b b							
To understand why it is	er harring harring that the	recognise hurtful behaviour,	or worried.	Cufu Balastian alda a	and reconcile differences in	To know what marriage							
	To know about what it	including online. To know what to do and	To know what to do and	Safe Relationships To know how to	friendships.	and civil partnership mean							
' '	neans to keep something	whom to tell if they see or	whom to tell if family	differentiate between	To know that friendships	e.g. a legal declaration of commitment made by two							
	private, including parts of the body that are private.	experience hurtful	relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe	plauful teasing, hurtful	can change over time and the benefits of having new	adults.							
	To be able to identify	behaviour, including online.	them feet unhappy or unsafe	behaviour and bullying,	and different types of	dduits.							
To understand that their	different types of touch and	benaviour, including online.	Safe Relationships	including online.	friends.	To understand that people							
	now they make people feel	To know what bullying is	To understand what is	To understand how to	To know how to recognise if	have the right to choose							
(PANIS)	e.g. hugs, tickling, kisses	and the different types of	appropriate to share with	respond if they witness or	a friendship is making them	whom they marry or							
To know about privacy and	and punches).	bullying.	friends, classmates, family	experience hurtful behaviour	feel unsafe, worried, or	whether to get married that							
the importance of this e.g	To know how to respond if	To know how someone may	and wider social groups,	or bullying, including	uncomfortable.	to force anyone into							
	peing touched makes them	feel if they are being	including online.	online.	To understand when and	marriage is illegal.							
	eel uncomfortable or	bullied.	To know about what	ontario.	how to seek support in	To know how and where to							
	insafe.	Juliou.	privacy and personal	To recognise the difference	relation to friendships.	report forced marriage or							
"			Francis and Porcondi	between 'playful dares' and									

Respecting Ourselves and Others

To continue to develop positive attitudes about the differences between people To recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways.

To show an interest in different occupations.

To know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos.

To understand when it is important to ask for permission to touch others. To know how to ask for and give/not give permission to touch others.

Respecting Ourselves and Others

To know what kind and unkind behaviour mean in and out school.

To understand how kind and unkind behaviour can make people feel.

To explore what respect means.

To know about class rules, being polite to others, sharing and taking turns.

To understand about the difference between happy surprises and secrets that make them feel uncomfortable or worries and how to get help. To know how to resist pressure to do something that feels uncomfortable or unsafe.

To understand how to ask for help if they feel unsafe or worries and what vocabulary to use.

Respecting Ourselves and Others

To know about the things they have in common with their friends, classmates, and other people.
To understand how friends can have both similarities and differences.
To know how to play and

work cooperatively in different groups and situations.

To understand how to share their ideas and listen to others, take part in discussions and give reasons for their views. boundaries are, including online.

To understand basic strategies to help keep themselves safe online e.g. passwords, using trusted sites and adult supervision.

To know that bullying and hurtful behaviour is unacceptable in any situation.

To understand about the effects and consequences of bullying for the people involved.

To know about bullying online, and the similarities and differences to face-to-face bullying.

To understand what to do

To understand what to do and whom to tell if they see or experience bullying or hurtful behaviour.

Respecting Ourselves and Others

To recognise respectful behaviours e.g. helping or including others, being responsible.
To know how to model

To know how to model respectful behaviour in different situations e.g. at home, at school, online.

To understand the importance of self-respect and their right to be treated respectfully by others. To know what it means to treat others, and be treated, politely To recognise the ways in which people show respect and courtesy in different cultures and in wider society.

dares which put someone under pressure, at risk, or make them feel uncomfortable.
To know how to manage pressures associated with dares.

To recognise when it is right to keep or break a confidence or share a secret.

To know how to recognise risks online such as harmful content or contact.

To recognise how people may behave differently online including pretending to be someone they are not. To know how to report concerns and seek help if worried or uncomfortable about someone's behaviour, including online.

Respecting Ourselves and Others

To recognise differences between people such as gender, race, faith.
To recognise what they have in common with others e.g. shared values, likes and dislikes, aspirations about the importance of respecting the differences and similarities between people. To develop a vocabulary to sensitively discuss difference and include everyone.

Safe Relationships

To recognise and identify what physical touch is acceptable, unacceptable, wanted or unwanted in different situations.

To know how to ask for, give and not give permission for physical contact.

To recognise how it feels in a person's mind and body when they are uncomfortable.

To know that it is never someone's fault if they have experienced unacceptable contact.

To understand how to respond to unwanted or unacceptable physical contact.

To know that no one should ask them to keep a secret that makes them feel uncomfortable or try to persuade them to keep a secret they are worried about.

To know whom to tell if they are concerned about unwanted physical contact

Respecting Ourselves and Others

To recognise that everyone should be treated equally. To know why it is important to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own.

To understand what discrimination means and different types of discrimination e.g. racism, sexism, homophobia.
To recognise and identify online bullying and discrimination of groups or

ask for help if they are worried.

Safe Relationships

To be able to compare the features of a healthy and unhealthy friendship.
To understand about the shared responsibility if someone is put under pressure to do something dangerous and something goes wrong.
To recognise strategies to respond to pressure from

friends including online.

To know how to assess the risk of different online

'challenges' and 'dares'.

To know how to recognise and respond to pressure from others to do something

unsafe or that makes them feel worried or uncomfortable. To understand how to get advice and report concerns about personal safety, including online.

To understand what consent means and how to seek and give/not give permission in different situations.

Respecting Ourselves and Others

To understand about the link between values and behaviour and how to be a positive role model.

To know how to discuss issues respectfully.
To understand how to listen to and respect other points of view.

To recognise how to constructively challenge

individuals e.g. trolling and harassment.

To know the impact of discrimination on individuals, groups and wider society.

To understand ways to safely challenge discrimination.
To know how to report discrimination online.

points of view they disagree with.

To recognise ways to participate effectively in discussions online and manage conflict or disagreements.

Belonging to a Community

To talk about members of their immediate family and community.

To explain the reasons for rules, recognising right from wrong.

To talk about the how to look after the environment around them, e.g litter picking, recycling etc.

Media Literacy and Digital Resilience

To understand basic e-Safety rules and the importance of adult supervision.

Money and Work

To explore different working roles within the local community e.g. firefighters, doctors etc.

Belonging to a Community

To know about examples of rules in different situations, e.g. class rules, rules at home, rules outside.

To understand that different people have different needs. To recognise how we care for people, animals and other living things in different ways.

To understand how they can look after the environment, e.g. recycling.

Media Literacy and Digital Resilience

To know how and why people use the internet. To understand the benefits of using the internet and digital devices. To know how people find things out and communicate safely with others online.

Money and Work

To understand that everyone has different strengths, in and out of school.

To know about how different strengths and interests are needed to do different jobs.
To know about people whose job it is to help us in the community.

Belonging to a Community

To know about being a part of different groups, and the role they play in these groups e.g. class, teams, faith groups.

To know about different rights and responsibilities that they have in school and the wide community.

To understand about how a community can help people from different groups to feel included.

To recognise that they are all equal, and ways in which they are the same and different to others in their community.

Media Literacy and Digital Resilience

To recognise the ways in which people can access the internet e.g. phones, tablets, computers.

To recognise the purpose and value of the internet in everyday life.

To recognise that some

content on the internet is factual and some is for entertainment e.g. news, games, videos.
To know that information online might not always be true.

Living in the Wider World (Spring Term) Inity Belonging to a Community Belon

To know the reasons for rules and laws in wider society.
To understand the

To understand the importance of abiding by the law and what might happen if rules and laws are broken.

To understand what human rights are and how they protect people.

To identify basic examples of human rights including the rights of children.
To know about how they have rights and also responsibilities.
To understand that with

To understand that with every right there is also a responsibility e.g. the right to an education and the responsibility to learn.

Media Literacy and Digital Resilience

To understand how the internet can be used positively for leisure, for school and for work.

To recognise that images and information online can be altered or adapted and the reasons for why this happens.

To explore strategies to

recognise whether

Belonging to a Community

To understand the meaning and benefits of living in a community.

To recognise that they belong to different communities as well as the school community.

To know about the different groups that make up and contribute to a community.

To know about the individuals and groups that help the local community, including through volunteering and work.

To understand how to show compassion towards others in need and the shared responsibilities of caring for them.

Media Literacy and Digital Resilience

To understand that everything shared online has a digital footprint.
To know that organisations can use personal information to encourage people to buy things.

To recognise what online adverts look like.
To compare content shared for factual purposes and for advertising.
To recognise why people might choose to buy or not

Belonging to a Community

To understand the importance of protecting the environment and how everyday actions can either support or damage it To understand how to show compassion for the environment, animals and other living things.

To know about the way that money is spent and how it affects the environment.
To express their own opinions about their responsibility towards the environment

Media Literacy and Digital Resilience

To identify different types of media and their different purposes e.g. to entertain, inform, persuade or advertise.

To understand basic strategies to assess whether content online (e.g. research, news, reviews, blogs) is based on fact, opinion, or is biased.

To know that some media and online content promote stereotypes.

To recognise how to assess which search results are more reliable than others.

Belonging to a Community To know what prejudice

means.
To differentiate between prejudice and discrimination.
To understand how to recognise acts of discrimination.

To recognise strategies to safely respond to and challenge discrimination.
To know how to recognise stereotypes in different contexts and the influence they have on attitudes and understanding of different groups.

Media Literacy and Digital Resilience

To know about the benefits of safe internet use e.g. learning, connecting and communicating.

To understand why people choose to communicate through social media and some of the risks and challenges of doing so.
To know that social media sites have age restrictions and regulations for use.
To understand the reasons why some media and online content is not appropriate for children.

To understand about different jobs and the work people do.

Money and Work

To understand about what money is and its different forms e.g. coins, notes, and ways of paying for things e.g. debit cards, electronic payments.

To know money can be kept and looked after. To know about getting, keeping and spending money.

To understand that people are paid money for the job they do.

To recognise the difference between needs and wants. To know how people make choices about spending money, including thinking about needs and wants. something they see online is true or accurate.

To evaluate whether a game is suitable to play or a website is appropriate for their age-group.

To be able to make safe, reliable choices from search results.

To know how to report something seen or experienced online that concerns them e.g. images or content that worry them, unkind or inappropriate communication.

Money and Work

To know about jobs that people may have from different sectors e.g. teachers, business people, charity work.

To understand that people can have more than one job at once or over their lifetime.

To understand about common myths and gender stereotypes related to work. To challenge stereotypes through examples of role models in different fields of work e.g. women in STEM.

To know about some of the

skills needed to do a job, such as teamwork and decision-making.
To recognise their interests, skills and achievements and how these might link to future jobs.
To know how to set goals that they would like to achieve this year e.g. learn a new hobby.

buy something online e.g. from seeing an advert
To know that search results are ordered based on the popularity of the website and that this can affect what information people access..

Money and Work

To know how people make different spending decisions based on their budget, values and needs.

To understand how to keep track of money and why it

track of money and why it is important to know how much is being spent.

To know about different ways to pay for things such as cash, cards, e-payment and the reasons for using them.

To know that how people spend money can have positive or negative effects on others e.g. charities, single use plastics To know how stereotypes are perpetuated and how to challenge this.
To understand how and why images online might be manipulated, altered, or

To know how to recognise when images might have been altered.

To recognise unsafe or suspicious content online. To understand how devices store and share information.

Money and Work

faked.

To identify jobs that they might like to do in the future.

To know about the role ambition can play in achieving a future career. To understand how or why someone might choose a certain career.

To understand about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career, including pay, working conditions, personal interests, strengths and qualities, family, values.

To recognise the importance of diversity and inclusion to promote people's career opportunities.

To know about stereotyping in the workplace, its impact and how to challenge it.
To know that there is a variety of routes into work e.g. college, apprenticeships, university, training.

To know about the role that money plays in people's lives, attitudes towards it and what influences decisions about money. To know how online content can be designed to manipulate people's emotions and encourage them to read or share things.

To know about sharing things online, including rules and laws relating to this.

To know how to recognise what is appropriate to share online.

To understand how to report inappropriate online content or contact.

Money and Work

To understand about value for money and how to judge if something is value for money.

To know how companies encourage customers to buy things and why it is important to be a critical consumer.

To understand how having or not having money can impact on a person's emotions, health and wellbeina. To know about common risks associated with money, including debt, fraud and aambling. To know how money can be gained or lost e.g. stolen, through scams or gambling and how these put people at financial risk. To understand how to get help if they are concerned about gambling or other

financial risks.

Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing

To know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing including physical activity, healthy eating, toothbrushing, sensible amounts of 'screen time', having a good sleep routine and being a safe pedestrian.

To know that there are people who can help us in our day to day lives e.g., doctors, dentists etc.

Growing and Changing

To see themselves as a valuable individual.
To identify their own strengths.

To express their feelings and consider the feelings of others.

To identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally.

To consider and think about the perspectives of others.

Keeping Safe

To recognise the basic rules for eSafety.

To explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly .

Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing

To know what it means to be healthy and why it is important.

To recognise ways to take care of themselves on a daily basis.

To understand about basic hygiene routines, e.g. hand washing.

To know about healthy and unhealthy foods, including sugar intake.

To know about physical activity and how it keeps people healthy.
To understand about different types of play, including balancing indoor, outdoor and screen-based play.

To recognise people who can help them to stay healthy, such as parents, doctors, nurses, dentists, lunch supervisors.

To know how to keep safe in the sun.

Growing and Changing

To recognise what makes them special and unique including their likes, dislikes and what they are good at. To understand how they are the same and different to others.

To know how to manage and whom to tell when finding things difficult, or when things go wrong.

To understand about different kinds of feelings. To know how to recognise feelings in themselves and others.

Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing

To know about routines and habits for maintaining good physical and mental health.

To understand why sleep and rest are important for growing and keeping healthy.

To recognise that medicines, including vaccinations and immunisations, can help people stay healthy and manage allergies.

To know the importance of, and routines for, brushing teeth and visiting the dentist.

To know about food and drink that affect dental health.

To recognise how to describe and share a range of feelings.

To explore ways to feel good, calm down or change their mood e.g. playing outside, listening to music, spending time with others.

To know how to manage big feelings including those associated with change, loss and bereavement. To recognise when and how

To recognise when and how to ask for help, and how to help others, with their feelings.

Growing and Changing

To know about the human life cycle and how people grow from young to old.

To identify and name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g vulva, vagina, penis, testicles).

Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing

To understand about the choices that people make in daily life that could affect their health.

Health and Wellbeing (Summer Term)

To identify healthy and unhealthy choices (e.g. in relation to food, exercise, sleep).

To understand what is meant by a healthy, balanced diet including what foods should be eaten, regularly or just occasionally.

To know that regular exercise such as walking or cycling has positive benefits for their mental and physical health.

To know what can help people to make healthy choices and what might negatively influence them. To know about habits and that sometimes they can be maintained, changed or stopped.

To understand the positive and negative effects of habits, such as regular exercise or eating too much sugar, on a healthy lifestyle.

To know about the things that affect feelings both positively and negatively. To recognise strategies to identify and talk about their feelings.

To know about some of the

To know about some of the different ways people express feelings e.g. words, actions, body language. To recognise how feelings can change overtime and become more or less powerful

Growing and Changing

Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing

To identify a wide range of factors that maintain a balanced, healthy lifestyle, physically and mentally. To understand what good physical health means and how to recognise early signs of physical illness.

To know that common illnesses can be quickly and easily treated with the right care e.g. visiting the doctor when necessary.

To understand how to maintain oral hygiene and dental health, including how to brush and floss correctly.

To know the importance of regular visits to the dentist and the effects of different foods, drinks and substances on dental health

Growing and Changing

To know how to identify external genitalia and reproductive organs.

To know about the physical and emotional changes during puberty.

To know key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing.
To recognise strategies to manage the changes during puberty including menstruation.

To know the importance of personal hygiene routines during puberty including washing regularly and using deodorant.

To recognise how to discuss the challenges of puberty with a trusted adult.

Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing To recognise how sleep

contributes to a healthy lifestyle. To know healthy sleep strategies and how to

maintain them.

To understand about the benefits of being outdoors and in the sun for physical and mental health.

To know how to manage risk in relation to sun exposure, including skin damage and heat stroke.

To understand how medicines can contribute to health and how allergies can be managed.

To know that some diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations.

To understand that bacteria and viruses can affect health.

To recognise how they can prevent the spread of bacteria and viruses with everyday hygiene routines.

To recognise the shared responsibility of keeping a clean environment.

Growing and Changing

To know key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams.

To know about personal identity and what contributes to it, including race, sex, gender, family, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes.

Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing

To know that mental health is just as important as physical health and that both need looking after. To recognise that anyone can be affected by mental ill-health and that difficulties can be resolved with help and support.

To know how negative experiences such as being bullied or feeling lonely can affect mental wellbeing. To recognise positive strategies for managing feelings.

To know that there are situations when someone may experience mixed or conflicting feelings. To understand how feelings can often be helpful, whilst recognising that they sometimes need to be overcome.

To recognise that if someone experiences

time) – help and support is available. To identify where they and others can ask for help and support with mental

feelings that are not so

good (most or all of the

school.
To understand the importance of asking for support from a trusted adult.

wellbeing in and outside

To know about the changes that may occur in life including death, and how these can cause conflicting feelings.

To understand how feelings can affect how people behave.

Keeping Safe

To understand how rules can help to keep us safe. To recognise why some things have age restrictions, e.g. TV and film, games, toys or play areas.

To know basic rules for keeping safe online. To know whom to tell if they see something online that makes them feel unhappy, worried, or scared. To know about change as people grow up, including new opportunities and responsibilities.

To recognise the skills in preparing to move to a new class and setting goals for next year.

Keeping Safe

To know how to recognise risk in everyday situations, e.g. road, water and rail safety, medicines.

To recognise how to help keep themselves safe in familiar and unfamiliar environments, such as in school, online and 'out and about'.

To identify potential unsafe situations, who is responsible for keeping them safe in these situations, and steps they can take to avoid or remove themselves from danger.

To know how to help keep themselves safe at home in relation to electrical appliances, fire safety and medicines/household products.

To understand about things that people can put into their body or onto their skin (e.g. medicines and creams) and how these can affect how people feel.

To know how to respond if there is an accident and someone is hurt.

To recognise whose job it is to keep us safe and how to

To understand that everyone is an individual and has unique and valuable contributions to make.

To recognise how strengths and interests form part of a person's identity.

To understand how to identify their own personal strengths and interests and what they're proud of (in school, out of school).

To recognise common challenges to self -worth e.g. finding school work difficult, friendship issues. To understand basic strategies to manage and reframe setbacks e.g. asking for help, focusing on what they can learn from a setback, remembering what they are good at and trying again.

Keeping Safe

To know how to identify typical hazards at home and in school.

To know how to predict, assess and manage risk in everyday situations e.g. crossing the road, running in the playground, in the kitchen.

To know about fire safety at home including the need for smoke alarms.

of the importance of following safety rules from parents and other adults.

To know how to help keep themselves safe in the local environment or unfamiliar places, including road, rail, water and firework safety. To know how to get information, help and advice about puberty.

Keeping Safe

To understand the importance of taking medicines correctly and using household products safely.

To recognise what is meant by a 'drug'.

To understand that drugs common to everyday life

(e.g. cigarettes, ecigarettes/vaping, alcohol
and medicines) can affect
health and wellbeing.
To identify some of the
effects related to different
drugs and that all drugs,
including medicines, may
have side effects.
To identify some of the risks

associated with drugs common to everyday life. To understand that for some people using drugs can become a habit which is difficult to break. To know how to ask for help or advice

To know how to recognise, respect and express their individuality and personal qualities.

To understand that for some people their gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex.

To recognise ways to boost their mood and improve emotional wellbeing. To know about the link between participating in interests, hobbies and community groups and mental wellbeing.

Keeping Safe

To identify when situations are becoming risky, unsafe or an emergency.

To identify occasions where they can help take responsibility for their own safety.

To differentiate between positive risk taking (e.g. trying a challenging new sport) and dangerous behaviour.

To understand how to deal with common injuries using basic first aid techniques. To know how to respond in an emergency, including when and how to contact different emergency services.

To know about the different age rating systems for social media, T.V, films, games and online gaming.

To understand why age restrictions are important and how they help people make safe decisions about what to watch, use or play.

To understand that changes can mean people experience feelings of loss or grief.
To understand about the process of grieving and how grief can be expressed.
To know about strategies that can help someone cope with the feelings associated with change or loss.
To identify how to ask for help and support with loss, grief or other aspects of change.

To know how balancing time online with other activities helps to maintain their health and wellbeing. To recognise strategies to manage time spent online and foster positive habits e.g. switching phone off at night.

To understand what to do and whom to tell if they are frightened or worried about something they have seen online.

Growing and Changing

To know about the transition to secondary school and how this may affect their feelings.

To know about how relationships may change as they grow up or move to secondary school.

To recognise practical strategies that can help to manage times of change and transition e.g. practising the bus route to secondary school

To identify the links between love, committed relationships and conception. To know what sexual intercourse is, and how it

get help in an emergency,		To recognise strategies for	can be one part of an
including how to dial 999		dealing with requests for	intimate relationship
and what to say.		personal information or	between consenting adults.
-		images of themselves.	-
		To identify types of images	To understand how
		that are appropriate to	pregnancy occurs i.e. when a
		share with others and those	sperm meets an egg and the
		which might not be	fertilised egg settles into the
		appropriate.	lining of the womb.
		To understand that images	3 ,
		or text can be quickly	Keeping Safe
		shared with others, even	To know how to protect
		when only sent to one	personal information online.
		person, and what the	To identify potential risks of
		impact of this might be.	personal information being
		To know what to do if they	misused.
		take, share or come across	
		an image which may upset,	To know about the risks
		hurt or embarrass them or	and effects of different
		others.	drugs.
		To know how to report the	To understand the laws
		misuse of personal	relating to drugs common
		information or sharing of	to everyday life and illegal
		upsetting content/	drugs.
		images online.	To recognise why people
		gec exame.	choose to use or not use
		To recognise some of the	drugs, including nicotine,
		changes as they grow up	alcohol and medicines as
		e.g. increasing	well as illegal drugs.
		independence.	To know about the
		To know about what being	organisations where people
		more independent might be	can get help and support
		like, including how it may	concerning drug use.
		feel.	To know how to ask for
		Joon	help if they have concerns
			about drug use.
			To understand about mixed
			messages in the media
			relating to drug use and
			how they might influence
			opinions and decisions.
			opinions una aecisions.